



## **Provider Role in Protecting Patient Confidentiality, Privacy, and Security Beyond HIPAA**

AHIMA continues to advocate for privacy protections to ensure the patient-provider trust bond is preserved and patient confidentiality, privacy and security is protected. In absence of a national privacy law, much of the responsibility for educating patients on how to protect their data in non-HIPAA covered environments falls on the provider organizations. HI professionals can utilize the below resources to assist in navigating conversations on data confidentiality, privacy and security.

### **Understanding the Current Public Policy Landscape:**

US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office for Civil Rights (OCR): Health App Use Scenarios & HIPAA ([available here](#))

- A tool that outlines how HIPAA Rules apply when working with third-party health apps.

Education responsibilities under the HHS Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology (ONC) information blocking policies ([available here](#))

- Page 25815 of the ONC information blocking final rule “strongly encourages [providers] to provide individuals with information that will assist them in making the best choice for themselves in selecting a third-party application.”
  - If a patient decides to use a third-party app, even if a provider actor has determined it is not secure, a provider under information blocking is not allowed to prevent or limit the amount of information sent to that app at the patient’s request.

### **Patient Focused Tools:**

Think Before You Click patient focused resources ([available here](#))

- A CHIME and WEDI developed resource to assist consumers looking to share their health information with non-HIPAA covered apps and considerations they should take before sharing.

US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office for Civil Rights (OCR): Protecting the Privacy and Security of Your Health Information When using Your Personal Cell Phone or Tablet ([available here](#))

- HHS guidance detailing how patients can keep their location and activity private and contains links to many other tools on increasing privacy.

Federal Trade Commission (FTC): How to Protect Your Privacy on Apps ([available here](#))

- Guidance for users on how to protect their privacy when using apps on their mobile device.

Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology (ONC): How Can You Protect and Secure Health Information When Using a Mobile Device? ([available here](#))

- Tools for patients to protect and secure their information when navigating the mobile technology space.

### **Federal Reporting Resources:**

If a patient suspects their privacy or data was illegally compromised or mishandled by a non-HIPAA covered entity they should contact the FTC at <https://consumer.ftc.gov/>.

### **Questions?**

If you have questions about the current privacy environment or these resources, please contact the AHIMA Policy & Government Affairs team at [advocacy@ahima.org](mailto:advocacy@ahima.org).